

ILHIC KEY BILLS – 1-14-2022

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>HB 61</u> <u>(Costa Howard)</u>	The provisions require coverage of prescription inhalants and require (instead of make permissive) a health insurer or managed care plan from denying or limiting coverage refills for prescription inhalants to enable persons to breathe when suffering from asthma or other life-threatening bronchial ailments if those restrictions are contrary to what has been prescribed and considered medically appropriate.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 62</u> <u>(Flowers)</u>	Creates the Health Care For All program establishing single payer health insurance in IL.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 74</u> <u>(Flowers)</u>	Establishes paid family leave requiring employers with 50 or more employees to provide 6 weeks of paid leave.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 146</u> <u>(Morgan)</u>	Authorizes the Director of Insurance to actively approve individual and small group ACA health plan rates and may disapprove any rate deemed “unreasonable.” The Director must act on the rates within 60 days or else they are deemed approved.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 213</u> <u>(Conroy)</u>	Creates the Eating Disorder Treatment Parity Task Force within the DOI to review reimbursements to eating disorder treatment providers in IL, as well as out-of-state providers of similar services. The Task Force currently does not provide for industry representation, but requires the group to “work cooperatively with the insurance industry. . . to identify the high costs of medical complications, disability, and loss of life associated with eating disorders and to determine whether disparities in insurance reimbursement is limiting access to a full range of evidence-based treatment providers in the State.” <u>House Amendment #1</u> adds 2 members of the insurance industry to the task force.	NEUTRAL with HA #1	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 228</u> <u>(Mayfield)</u>	Prohibits an insurer or producer from making a distinction or otherwise discriminating between persons, reject an applicant, cancel a policy, or demand or require a higher rate of premium for reasons based SOLELY upon the basis that an applicant or insured has been convicted of a felony.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 241</u> <u>(Jones)</u>	Allows pre-licensure courses for producers to be completed via webinar (in addition to the classroom setting).	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>HB 242</u> <u>(Jones)</u>	Requires the IL Life & Health Insurance Guaranty Association to submit a plan of operation and any amendments thereto to the Director of Insurance within 200 days (instead of 180 days).	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 295</u> <u>(Manley)</u>	As introduced, the provisions currently require insurers to issue an irrevocable assignment of benefits to a funeral home in an amount not to exceed the purchase price of a funeral or burial expense policy. The language is intended to address a current issue with Medicaid beneficiaries seeking eligibility and avoidance of current asset limitations. Current law allows exemptions in assets up to a certain dollar amount in addition to exemptions for final expense policies that must be irrevocably assigned. ILHIC is working with HFS, the IL Funeral Directors Association and the National Academy of Elder Law Attorneys to determine language that appropriately addresses the problem. <u>House Amendment #1</u> removes the Insurance Code provisions.	NEUTRAL as amended	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>HB 317</u> <u>(Jones)</u>	Requires an air ambulance service or other entity that directly or indirectly, whether through an affiliated entity, agreement with a third-party entity, or otherwise, solicits air ambulance membership subscriptions, accepts membership applications, or charges membership fees to be regulated as insurance under the Insurance Code.	MONITOR	Referred to Assignments
<u>HB 339</u> <u>(Batinick)</u>	Removes the 181-day, non-renewable limitation on short-term, limited duration health insurance policies.	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 580</u> <u>(Zalewski)</u>	Ratifies and approves the Nurse Licensure Compact and further provides that the compact shall not interfere with state labor laws. Identical to <u>SB 2068</u> (<u>Castro</u>) and similar to <u>SB 1807</u> .	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 616</u> <u>(Costa</u> <u>Howard)</u>	Establishes paid family leave requiring employers (regardless of size) to provide 12 weeks of leave and pay the cost of health insurance applicable to the employee during that period.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 707</u> <u>(Didech)</u>	Amends the current telehealth coverage provisions, for policies that provide coverage for telehealth services, reimbursement must be made at parity with those same services if they were provided in-person.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 1728</u> <u>(Mazzochi)</u>	Amends the Medical Patient Rights Act to provide, in addition to any other right provided under the Act, certain qualifying patients have the ability to request diagnostic screenings without a physician's order as	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	follows: (1) females over the age of 40 have the right to a breast cancer screening mammogram once per year; and all persons have a right to request annual screening under the age of 40 if such person has a family history of breast cancer; or genetic testing has confirmed likelihood that such person has otherwise tested positive for BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutations; (2) males have the right to prostate-specific antigen testing at once per year if specified requirements are met; (3) all persons have the right to colorectal screening under specified conditions; (4) all persons over the age of 18, or under the age of 18 with one parent's consent, have the right to screening for sexually transmitted diseases or infections at least every 6 months, or in the event of unprotected sexual activity; and (5) all persons over the age of 18, or under the age of 18 with a parent's or legal guardian's consent, have the right to screening for COVID-19 infection and testing for COVID-19 antibodies. The provisions of the bill do not require coverage and the patient seeking the diagnostic test without a written order from a physician shall be responsible for paying for the diagnostic test provided that the provider of the diagnostic testing provides the patient in writing the cost of the diagnostic test prior to it being performed and the patient agrees to that cost.		
<u>HB 1811 (Andrade)</u>	Amends the Equal Pay Act and the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act to restrict use of predictive data analytics used to determine a job applicant's credit worthiness or a hiring decision to include information that correlates with the race or zip code of the applicant for credit or employment.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 1956 (Jones)</u>	DOI Initiative updating state statute to comply with the Covered Agreement by adopting the Credit for Reinsurance model law, and 2020 Holding Company Act amendments regarding Group Capital Calculation, effective December 31, 2022. Identical to <u>SB 2411 (Harris)</u> .	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 1960 (Jones)</u>	Creates the Black Wall Street Program Act. Requires the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity to create and administer the Black Wall Street Program to provide loans and financial assistance to designated communities for the creation of Black Wall Street Business Districts.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Assignments

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>HB 2370</u> <u>(Avelar)</u>	“Cap the copay” legislation that restricts an insured’s monthly out of pocket cost to \$100 per 30-day supply.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 2404</u> <u>(Buckner)</u>	Creates the Right to Know Act to require operators of commercial websites or online services that collect personal information about Illinois customers must, in their terms of service or privacy policy, identify all categories of personal information the operator collects, identify all categories of third party persons or entities with whom the operator may disclose that information, and provide a description of the customer’s rights to access their information. Provisions also provide for a private right of action. Provides for blanket exemption for entities subject to GLBA and HIPAA.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 2406</u> <u>(Scherer)</u>	Provides that an individual or group policy of accident and health insurance or managed care plan in effect on and after March 9, 2020 must provide coverage for the cost of administering a COVID-19 vaccination. Language is silent on vaccine as approved by the FDA, which is not addressed in <u>HA #1</u> , which also includes cross-reference to HMOs.	OPPOSE <i>(need language to tie vaccine to FDA approval)</i>	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>HB 2472</u> <u>(Mazzochi)</u>	Requires the Director to solicit information and data from health insurance carriers regarding insurance coverage for pediatric autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorder to report back to the General Assembly by November 15, 2021.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 2473</u> <u>(Mazzochi)</u>	In provisions requiring insurance coverage for prostate-specific antigen tests and for colorectal cancer examination and screening, removes provisions requiring the testing be recommended or prescribed by a physician. The provisions also mandate coverage for testing of sexually transmitted diseases or infections.	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 2554</u> <u>(Mah)</u>	For purposes of the Telehealth Act, the provisions add “acupuncturists” to the list of health care professionals; however the bill does not make corresponding changes to the acupuncturists’ practice act. The bill also provides IDFPR to adopt rules clarifying applicable services and administration of the Telehealth Act. Identical to <u>SB 1735</u> (Jones).	MONITOR	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>HB 2625</u> <u>(Flowers)</u>	Creates the Family Leave Insurance Act. Requires the Department of Employment Security to establish and administer a family leave insurance program. Provides family leave insurance benefits to eligible	MONITOR	Re-referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	employees who take unpaid family leave to care for a newborn child, a newly adopted or newly placed foster child, or a family member with a serious health condition. Authorizes family leave of up to 12 weeks during any 24-month period. Authorizes compensation for leave in the amount of 85% of the employee's average weekly wage subject to a maximum of \$881 per week. <i>The state-run leave program does not replace the private market option.</i>		
HB 2649 (Yednock)	Mandates health insurance plans to provide coverage for (rather than offer optional coverage for an additional premium) for the reasonable and necessary medical treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments
HB 2896 (Conroy)	Early Intervention omnibus telehealth bill that includes language providing that if a health insurance policy provides coverage for early intervention services, it must also provide coverage for these services delivered via telehealth.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 2919 (Mazzochi)	Provides that upon request by a party contracting with a pharmacy benefit manager, the party has an annual right to audit compliance with the terms of the contract by the pharmacy benefit manager, including, but not limited to, full disclosure of any value provided by a pharmaceutical manufacturer to a pharmacy benefit manager or the parent, subsidiary, or affiliate company of a pharmacy benefit manager. Provides for other PBM disclosure requirements.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 2930 (Mazzochi)	In provisions concerning health insurance coverage for treatment of pediatric autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorders, provides that on and after the effective date of the amendatory Act, an insured shall have a cause of action for liquidated damages in the amount of \$1,000 or actual damages, whichever is greater, against any entity issuing a group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or managed care plan that fails to provide the coverage required for treatment of pediatric autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorders associated with streptococcal infections and pediatric acute onset neuropsychiatric syndrome.	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 2948 (Morgan)	<i>DOI Initiative</i> seeking to address the copay accumulator ban implemented under P.A. 101-0452 as it applies to HSAs paired with a HDHP (to preserve the pre-tax advantages). The language, however,	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	also requires insurers to identify a non-HSA eligible HDHP and offer a non-HSA eligible product if they do provide an HSA-eligible HDHP.		
<u>HB 2992 (Lilly)</u>	Requires the Department of Insurance to conduct a study to better understand the gaps in health insurance coverage for uninsured residents, including the reasons why individuals are uninsured and whether insured individuals are insured through an employer-sponsored plan or through the Illinois health insurance marketplace. <u>P.A. 101-649</u> requires the DOI and HFS to conduct a health care affordability feasibility study to address some of the same issues, which is expected to be released by February 28. The bill also requires all hospitals to provide health insurance to their employees.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3030 (Wheeler)</u>	Creates the Cybersecurity Compliance Act to provide for an affirmative defense for every covered entity that creates, maintains, and complies with a written cybersecurity program (as prescribed by the legislation).	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3040 (Wheeler)</u>	Creates the Insurance Data Security Act based on the NAIC Cybersecurity Model Law. The provisions DO NOT contain suggested changes put forward by the joint trades (industry).	OPPOSE without Joint Trade Suggested Changes	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3197 (Conroy)</u>	Creates the Suicide Treatment Improvements Act to require that all at-risk patients be provided with one-on-one suicide prevention counseling by the public or private psychiatric facility at which the at-risk patient is being treated and mandates individual and group health insurance coverage for these services.	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3198 (Conroy)</u>	Creates the Suicide Treatment Improvements Act to require suicide prevention counseling and treatment at facilities and mandates individual and group health insurance coverage for these services (similar to HB 3197); however the provisions of the bill also place certain requirements on IDPH and local public safety officials to identify individuals at risk for suicide.	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3259 (Gong Gershowitz)</u>	Mandates coverage for the diagnosis and medically necessary treatment (instead of reasonable and necessary treatment and services for) mental health and substance use disorders and requires insurers to base medical necessity and utilization review criteria on specific current generally accepted standards of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition care, including exclusively applying the criteria	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	<p>and guidelines set forth in the most recent versions of the treatment criteria developed by the nonprofit professional association for the relevant clinical specialty (similar to HB 2595 (Conroy)). The provisions also prohibit an insurer that authorizes a specific type of treatment by a provider from rescinding or modifying the authorization after that provider renders the health care service. Provides that if services for the medically necessary treatment of a mental health or substance use disorder are not available in-network within the geographic and timely access standards set by law or regulation, the insurer shall arrange coverage to ensure the delivery of medically necessary out-of-network services and any medically necessary follow-up services, and the insured shall pay no more in total for benefits rendered than the cost sharing that the insured would pay for the same covered services received from an in-network provider and further require every insurer to sponsor an education program, make the program available to other stakeholders, provide clinical review criteria at no cost to providers and insured patients, conduct interrater reliability testing, and achieve interrater pass rates of at least 90% or comply with specified requirements if the 90% threshold is not met.</p>		
HB 3268 (Flowers)	<p>Amends the Fair Patient Billing Act to prohibit a hospital from aggressively pursue debt collection for non-payment of a hospital bill against a patient with an annual household income of \$51,000 or less and further provides that a hospital whenever possible and after reviewing the patient eligibility, shall charge as much as possible of the patient's hospital bill to insurers.</p>	<p>OPPOSE</p>	<p>Re-Referred to Rules Committee</p>
HB 3312 (Welter)	<p>Requires insurers to cap OOP for a covered prescription inhalant drug to \$100 per 30-day supply regardless of the type and amount of the drug needed by the insured. Language aligns with similar OOP limits applied to insulin per P.A. 101-0625. HA #1 makes a technical change to refer to inhalant medications rather than prescription inhalants.</p>	<p>OPPOSE</p>	<p>Re-Referred to Rules Committee</p>
HB 3327 (Haas)	<p>In provisions concerning timely payment for health care services, provides that failure to make periodic payments within specified time periods shall entitle a health care professional, health care facility, independent practice association, physician-hospital organization,</p>	<p>MONITOR</p>	<p>Re-Referred to Rules Committee</p>

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	insurer, health maintenance organization, managed care plans health care plan, preferred provider organization, or third party administrator to interest at the rate of 9% semiannually (rather than 9% per year).		
<u>HB 3397 (Mazzochi)</u>	Requires first dollar coverage on diagnostic testing for a pediatric autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorder if such diagnostic testing is ordered by a physician (coverage is not required if the physician indicates that the diagnostic testing is requested by a guardian or parent). <i>Provisions do not include exemptions for HSAs.</i>	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3403 (Ness)</u>	Reduces OOP limit on insulin drugs from \$100 (originally set under <u>P.A. 101-0625</u> to \$30.	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3421 (Dina Delgado)</u>	Provides that if a patient unknowingly and through no fault of his or her own receives care from a health care professional or health care provider who is not among the network of health care providers for the patient's health care plan, the health care professional or health care provider may not charge or bill that patient for that care.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3433 (Morgan)</u>	Creates the Paid Family Leave Program directing the IL Department of Employment Security to establish a state-run paid medical leave program for employees. The provisions do not specific duration of leave allowed but does direct the Department to establish a computation of benefit amounts and contributions paid by employees and employers. <i>The state-run leave program does not replace the private market option but does impose contribution requirements on employers with more than 50 employees.</i>	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3453 (Williams)</u>	Creates the Geolocation Privacy Protection Act to require a private entity that owns, operates, or controls a location-based application on a user's device from disclosing geolocation information from a location-based application to a third party unless the private entity first receives the user's affirmative express consent after providing a specified notice to the user. The provisions include an exemption for HIPAA and GLBA-regulated entities.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3498 (Conroy)</u>	Codifies some provisions of the telehealth coverage requirements set forth in <u>Executive Order 2020-09.</u> , including payment parity. The provisions do not remove cost-sharing for telehealth.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
HB 3517 (Wheeler)	In provisions concerning development of medical necessity criteria for the coverage of CSC/ACT treatment models for early treatment of serious mental illness, provides that the rules adopted by the DOI defining medical necessity shall be updated during calendar year 2021 to include nationally recognized, generally acceptable clinical criteria sourced to evidence-based medicine and to avoid unnecessary anti-competitive impacts. Identical to SB 2381 (Fine) .	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 3583 (Avelar)	Creates the Affordable Drug Manufacturing Act requiring IDPH to enter into partnerships to increase competition, lower prices, and address shortages in the market for generic prescription drugs, to reduce the cost of prescription drugs for public and private purchasers, taxpayers, and consumers, and to increase patient access to affordable drugs. Requires the partnerships to result in the production or distribution of generic prescription drugs with the intent that these drugs be made widely available to public and private purchasers, providers and suppliers, and pharmacies. IDPH is directed to consult with entities, including health insurers, regarding the establishment of a fair price for the prescription drugs.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 3609 (Flowers)	Requires prescription drug manufacturers to provide advance notice of a price increase of a prescription drug with a wholesale acquisition cost of more than \$40 if the increase is more than 10% and to disclose information regarding factors associated with the price increase. Requires the Department of Public Health to conduct an annual public hearing on the aggregate trends in prescription drug pricing.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 3630 (Harris)	Requires insurers to replace a brand name drug with a new generic equivalent on the formulary once it becomes available in the market or move the brand name drug to the lowest cost tier. In provisions concerning a contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager, provides that a pharmacy benefit manager must update and publish maximum allowable cost pricing information according to specified requirements, must provide a reasonable administrative appeal procedure to allow pharmacies to challenge maximum allowable costs, and must comply with specified requirements if an appeal is denied. The	OPPOSE	Assigned to Prescription Drug Affordability & Accessibility Committee Posted for hearing January 19, 2022 at 3PM.

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	legislation also sets forth contracting requirements for PBMs, including fiduciary responsibilities. Identical to SB 2008 (Koehler) .		
HB 3707 (Yingling)	For purposes of group health insurance coverage, revises the definition of "small employer" to mean an employer who employs an average of at least one but not more than 50 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year (rather than an employer who employs an average of at least 2 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least 2 employees on the first day of the plan year).	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 3758 (Spain)	Provides that if an insurer covers telehealth services, then coverage must also include telehealth services used to treat behavioral health conditions.	NO POSITION	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 3759 (Spain)	Creates the Telehealth Parity Act to require health insurers, including excepted benefit plans that provided limited scope dental benefits, limited scope vision benefits, LTC benefits, accident-only, and specified disease or illness coverage, to cover the costs of all medically necessary telehealth services rendered by in-network providers. The provisions allow insurers to apply coverage criteria, but that criteria must be in compliance with provisions set forth in Executive Order 2020-09 . Prohibits insurers from applying prior authorization for any COVID-19 related telehealth services and further provides that coverage for in-network telehealth services shall be provided without cost-share (exemption applicability to HSAs). HA #1 creates the Telehealth Parity Act with respect to parity in the benefits and NOT with respect to reimbursement requirements.	SUPPORT with HA #1	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 3777 (Ortiz)	Prohibits prior authorization for prescription drugs used in the treatment of COVID-19 that have received emergency authorization from the FDA.	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
HB 3794 (Stephens)	Requires insurers to cap OOP for a diabetic self-management supplies (not including insulin) to \$100 per 30-day supply regardless of the type and amount of the supply needed by the insured. Language aligns with similar OOP limits applied to insulin per P.A. 101-0625 .	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>HB 3845</u> <u>(LaPointe)</u>	Mandates coverage for medically necessary treatments for genetic, rare, unknown or unnamed, and unique conditions, including Ehlers-Danlos syndrome and altered drug metabolism. Provides that an insurance policy that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall include coverage for opioid alternatives, coverage for medicines included in the Model List of Essential Medicines published by the World Health Organization, and coverage for custom-made medications and medical food. Provides that an insurance policy that limits the quantity of a medication in accordance with applicable State and federal law shall not require pre-approval for the treatment of patients with rare metabolism conditions that may need a higher dose of medication than what is otherwise allowed within a time frame or prescription schedule. Provides that the burden of proving that treatment is medically necessary shall not lie with the insured in cases of rejections for filing claims, preauthorization requests, and appeals related to the coverage.	OPPOSE	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3867</u> <u>(Moeller)</u>	Requires IDPH to design a prescription drug importation program where the State serves as the licensed wholesaler of imported drugs from Canada. The provisions set forth auditing and AG enforcement criteria, including ensuring that any participating health plan formularies, cost-sharing, and reimbursement criteria is based on the actual acquisition cost of the imported drug.	NO POSITION	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3874</u> <u>(Yang</u> <u>Rohr)</u>	In provisions concerning infertility coverage and coverage for epinephrine injectors, provides that specified coverage shall be applicable to policies of insurance written in other states that insure an Illinois resident.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3898</u> <u>(Gordon</u> <u>Booth)</u>	Creates the Healthy Workplace Act to require employers to provide a minimum of 40 hours of paid sick leave during a 12-month period for certain purposes. Employees cannot waive their right to paid leave except in cases where the benefits are collectively bargained.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 3910</u> <u>(Mussman)</u>	Creates the Consumer Privacy Act to set forth numerous data privacy requirements, including a “right to be forgotten” with exceptions. The provisions include exemptions for certain data protected under HIPAA and GLBA.	MONITOR	Re-Referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>HB 3918</u> (Stuart)	Adds investment advisors and insurance adjusters as mandated reporters. Existing law extends criminal and civil liability to mandated reporters.	MONITOR	Senate placed on the order of 3rd reading
<u>HB 4053</u> (Guerrero-Cuellar)	Provides a civil rights violation for an employer to: refuse to allow an employee disabled by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical condition to take a leave for a reasonable period, not to exceed 4 months, and thereafter return to work; refuse to maintain and pay for coverage for an eligible employee disabled by pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical conditions who takes leave under a group health plan, for the duration of the leave, not to exceed 4 months over the course of a 12-month period.	MONITOR	House – Rules Committee
<u>HB 4140</u> (Ford)	Mandates a healthcare plan to provide medical facts regarding COVID-19 to all patients under the hospital’s care. There are some vague implementation considerations within this language.	MONITOR	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4162</u> (Carroll)	Amends the Insurance Code and adds regulations regarding marketing and operations of healthcare sharing ministries	MONITOR	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4175</u> (Jones)	Creates the authority for the State to pursue a platform transition to SBE-FP or a full SBE. ILHIC has implementation concerns within the language.	MONITOR	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4259</u> (Carroll)	Any insured who is hospitalized due to COVID-19 and is unvaccinated will be responsible for all costs incurred for care related to COVID-19. The language is unconstitutional.	OPPOSE	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4263</u> (Grant)	Provides that no company, in any policy of accident or health insurance issued in the State, shall make or permit any distinction or discrimination against an individual solely because of the individual's vaccination status in the amount of payment of premiums or rates charged for policies of insurance, in the amount of any dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other terms and conditions of the contract it makes. For the same reasons as HB 4259, the language presented is unconstitutional.	OPPOSE	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4271</u> (Kifowit)	Mandates coverage for medically necessary breast reduction surgery	OPPOSE	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4324</u> (Morgan)	In provisions concerning insurance producer licenses, provides that an insurance producer's active participation in a State or national	SUPPORT	Referred to Rules Committee

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	professional insurance association may be approved by the Director of Insurance for up to 4 hours of continuing education credit per biennial reporting period.		
<u>HB 4335</u> (Stuart)	Mandates coverage for vaginal estrogen without cost sharing.	OPPOSE	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4337</u> (Cassidy)	Mandates coverage for aesthetic services and restorative care provided for the treatment of physical injuries to victims of domestic violence when medically necessary. No language is present regarding how that is determined by a physician.	OPPOSE	Posted to Insurance Committee January 18, 2022 at 2PM
<u>HB 4338</u> (Hernandez)	Mandates coverage for prenatal vitamins. (This medication already required to be covered under the ACA.)	MONITOR	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4349</u> (Willis)	Mandates coverage for congenital defects including treatment of cranial facial anomalies that are medically necessary to restore normal function or appearance. Cosmetic changes are included in coverage requirement.	OPPOSE	Referred to Rules Committee
<u>HB 4413</u> (Hernandez)	Provides that a group or individual policy that provides dependent coverage shall make dependent coverage available to an insured's parent or stepparent who meets the qualifying relative definition and resides within the insurance policy's service area.	OPPOSE	Filed
<u>HB 4408</u> (Conroy)	Mandates plans that provide coverage for naloxone do so without cost sharing.	OPPOSE	Filed
<u>HB 4430</u> (Cassidy)	Amends the Pharmacy Practice Act. Expands the pharmacist's scope of practice to include the initiation, dispensing, administration of drugs, laboratory testing, assessments, referrals, and consultations for PrEP treatment. Language states that pharmacists shall be covered and reimbursed for these services ordered and administered by a pharmacist at least 85% of the rate that physicians are reimbursed for Medicaid and other payers.	MONITOR	Filed
<u>HB 4433</u> (Morgan)	This language includes model language for Copay Accumulators. This language was agreed to by the Stakeholders, DOI, and ILHIC.	Neutral	Filed

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
HB 4480 (Conroy)	Mandates coverage with no cost sharing for mental health wellness checks for probationary and permanent police officers.	OPPOSE	Filed
HB 4483 (Kifowit)	Mandates coverage with no cost sharing for 3 primary care visits and 3 behavioral health visits. Treatment limitations for each of the 6 covered visits cannot be more restrictive than the treatment limitations applied to other primary care visits or behavioral health visits covered by the plan. Separate treatment limitations are prohibited.	OPPOSE	Filed
SB 158 (Holmes)	Creates the Prior Authorization Reform Act to establish new requirements regarding disclosure and review of PA requirements, denial of claims or coverage by a utilization review organization for various levels of service, including nonurgent and urgent care effective January 1, 2022. <i>This bill will be tabled in favor of SB 177 (Holmes).</i>	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments
SB 177 (Holmes)	Creates the Prior Authorization Reform Act to establish new requirements regarding disclosure and review of PA requirements, denial of claims or coverage by a utilization review organization for various levels of service, including nonurgent and urgent care effective January 1, 2022. The provisions of the bill incorporate some feedback provided by ILHIC to HB 5510 (Harris) of the 101 st General Assembly. Proponents of the bill, including ISMS and other provider and patient advocacy groups, have formed a “Your Care Can’t Wait” campaign in support of prior authorization reform. Identical to HB 711 (Harris) .	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments
SB 202 (Morrison)	Provides that it is a civil rights violation to offer a group or individual policy of accident and health insurance, including coverage against disablement or death, that does <u>not</u> include equal terms and conditions of coverage for the treatment of a mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition or a history thereof. Senator Morrison sponsored P.A. 101-0332 establishing a task force to study disability income insurance and parity for behavioral health conditions, but the Governor has not yet made appointments to the task force and the group has not yet met or begun that work. <u>SA#1 requires equal coverage for all protected characteristics under the IL Human Rights Act, which would restrict underwriting practices for health, supplemental and DI products.</u>	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
SB 208 (Martwick)	Expands the Secure Choice Savings Program to apply to sole proprietors and employers employers with at least 5 employees (rather than employers with fewer than 25 employees) and allows for automatic increases in contributions. The provisions also expand the penalties levied on employers for failure to comply with the requirements of the Act. Identical to HB 117 (Guzzardi) as amended by HA#1 .	NEUTRAL as amended	Re-referred to Rules Committee
SB 275 (Bennett)	Requires health insurance carriers that provide coverage for prescription drugs to ensure that, within service areas and levels of coverage specified by federal law, at least half of individual and group plans meet one or more of the following criteria: 1) apply a pre-deductible and flat-dollar copayment structure to the entire drug benefit; 2) limit a beneficiary's monthly out-of-pocket financial responsibility for prescription drugs to a specified amount; or 3) limit a beneficiary's annual out-of-pocket financial responsibility for prescription drugs to a specified amount. Effective January 1, 2022. Identical to HB 1745 (Harris) .	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments
SB 375 (Harris)	Authorizes the Illinois Insurance Guaranty Fund, at the direction of its board of directors and subject to the approval of the Director of Insurance, to form and own a not-for-profit corporation to which the Fund may delegate certain of its powers and duties provided by the Code. Allows the not-for-profit corporation to contract to provide services to the Office of Special Deputy Receiver or any other person or organization authorized by law to carry out the duties of the Director in the capacity of receiver under specified provisions of the Code, the Illinois Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association, an organizations in another state similar to the Illinois Insurance Guaranty Fund or the Illinois Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association. Effective immediately. Identical to HB 2405 (Hoffman) .	NO POSITION	Re-referred to Assignments
SB 679 (Fine)	The bill includes provisions mandating coverage for ALL opioid antagonists approved by the FDA in addition to reimbursing a hospital for the hospital's cost of any FDA approved opioid antagonist. Identical to HB 2589 (Conroy) .	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments
SB 697 (Fine)	Mandates coverage for medically necessary treatment for mental health and substance use conditions. Requires insurers to base medical	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	necessity and utilization review criteria on specific current generally accepted standards of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition care, including exclusively applying the criteria and guidelines set forth in the most recent versions of the treatment criteria developed by the nonprofit professional association for the relevant clinical specialty. Provides that an insurer shall not apply different, additional, conflicting, or more restrictive utilization review criteria than the criteria and guidelines set forth in the treatment criteria. Provides that the Director may, after appropriate notice and opportunity for hearing, assess a civil penalty between \$5,000 and \$20,000 for each violation. Identical to HB 2595 (Conroy) . <i>KFI initiative & priority for 2021.</i>		
SB 700 (Crowe)	Amends the Adult Protective Services Act. In a provision listing mandated reporters, excludes the State Long Term Care Ombudsman and all representatives of the State Long Term Care Ombudsman Program. Expands the definition of "mandated reporter" to include investment advisors and insurance adjusters. Defines "insurance adjuster" and "investment adviser".	MONITOR	Referred to Assignments
SB 731 (Cullerton)	Creates the Do Not Track Act. Establishes the Data Transparency and Privacy Act	MONITOR	Re-referred to Assignments
SB 835 (Villivalam)	Creates the Family and Medical Leave Insurance Program Act.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Assignments
SB 1587 (Fine)	Mandates coverage for cleft palate corrective surgery, including necessary dental procedures related to the cleft palate for the duration the correction is required until age 26. The provisions do not apply to standalone dental plans.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments
SB 1589 (Fine)	Mandates coverage for anti-epileptic drugs and may not impose a waiting period or any deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or other cost-sharing limitation greater than other coverage provided. Further provides that anti-seizure prescription drugs may not be substituted with a generic drug under provisions of the Pharmacy Practice Act under which a pharmacist may substitute a therapeutically equivalent generic drug for a prescription drug or interchange an anti-epileptic drug or formulation of an antiepileptic drug for the treatment of epilepsy.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>SB 1590</u> <u>(Fine)</u>	Provides the Department of Insurance with the authority to disapprove “unreasonable” or “inadequate” rates for individual and small group ACA compliant health insurance plans. The provisions require the Department to review the rates within 45 days with the option of a 30-day extension.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 1625</u> <u>(Turner)</u>	Requires pharmacies to post a notice informing customers that they may request, in person or by telephone, the current usual and customary retail price of any brand or generic prescription drug or medical device that the pharmacy offers for sale to the public. Provides that a pharmacist or his or her authorized employee must disclose to the consumer at the point of sale the current pharmacy retail price for each prescription medication the consumer intends to purchase and if the consumer's cost-sharing amount for a prescription exceeds the current pharmacy retail price, the pharmacist or his or her authorized employee must disclose to the consumer that the pharmacy retail price is less than the patient's cost-sharing amount. Identical to <u>SB 1682 (Bennett)</u> .	MONITOR	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 1735</u> <u>(Jones)</u>	For purposes of the Telehealth Act, the provisions add “acupuncturists” to the list of health care professionals; however the bill does not make corresponding changes to the acupuncturists’ practice act. The bill also provides IDFP to adopt rules clarifying applicable services and administration of the Telehealth Act. Identical to <u>HB 2554 (Mah)</u> .	MONITOR	Referred to Assignments
<u>SB 1788</u> <u>(Murphy)</u>	Prohibits any mid-year change in health insurance coverage, including changes to the formulary or provider network. The insurance industry and PBMs negotiated compromise language to provide consumers with an avenue to remain on their prescription drugs in situations where a midyear change to the formulary may have adversely impacted their coverage: <u>P.A. 100-1052</u> . Similarly, network adequacy requirements implemented in 2019 provide for continuity of care for certain individuals in the middle of treatment if there is a change in the provider network: <u>P.A. 100-0502</u> .	OPPOSE	Postponed Senate Insurance
<u>SB 1807</u> <u>(Rose)</u>	Ratifies and approves the Nurse Licensure Interstate Compact. Similar to <u>SB 2068 (Castro)</u> and <u>HB 580 (Zalewski)</u> .	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 1875</u> <u>(Syverson)</u>	Requires that any new coverage mandate, beginning 1/1/22, shall apply only to the state employee group health insurance benefit plan. The	SUPPORT	Referred to Assignments

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
	provisions of the bill require that before the mandate is expanded to apply to private individual and group insurance plans, CMS must conduct a cost-benefit analysis and the DOI Director shall not enforce compliance with the mandate until the analysis is performed.		
<u>SB 1917 (Morrison)</u>	Removes the age limit (18) in mandated coverage provisions for medically necessary epinephrine injectors.	NEUTRAL	Re-referred to Rules Committee
<u>SB 1971 (Fine)</u>	Authorizes the Director of Insurance to actively disapprove “unreasonable” or “inadequate” rate increases. The provisions further require the DOI to post notice of the individual and small group premium rate filings, rate filing summaries, and other information about a rate increase or decrease online and provide for a 30-day public comment period prior to approve or disapproving the rates.	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments
<u>SB 1974 (Fine)</u>	Provides that an insurer, health maintenance organization, independent practice association, or physician hospital organization may not attempt a recoupment or offset until all appeal rights of a health care professional or health care provider are exhausted and no recoupment or offset may be requested or withheld from future payments 6 months or more after the original payment is made (rather than 18 months or more after the original payment is made).	OPPOSE	Senate Insurance
<u>SB 2008 (Koehler)</u>	Requires insurers to replace a brand name drug with a new generic equivalent on the formulary once it becomes available in the market or move the brand name drug to the lowest cost tier. In provisions concerning a contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit manager, provides that a pharmacy benefit manager must update and publish maximum allowable cost pricing information according to specified requirements, must provide a reasonable administrative appeal procedure to allow pharmacies to challenge maximum allowable costs, and must comply with specified requirements if an appeal is denied. The legislation also sets forth contracting requirements for PBMs, including fiduciary responsibilities. Similar to <u>HB 3630 (Harris)</u> .	OPPOSE	Senate Insurance
<u>SB 2068 (Castro)</u>	Ratifies and approves the Nurse Licensure Compact and further provides that the compact shall not interfere with state labor laws. Identical to <u>HB 580 (Zalewski)</u> and similar to <u>SB 1807 (Rose)</u> .	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Assignments

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>SB 2086</u> <u>(Castro)</u>	Creates the Vision Care Plan Regulation Act to set forth certain contractual requirements with eye care providers and disclosures and coverage requirements for enrollees.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2111</u> <u>(Fine)</u>	Creates the Travel Insurance Act and sets forth provisions concerning the licensing and registration of travel insurance business entities. <u>SB 1588 (Fine)</u> sets forth the marketing requirements for travel insurance.	MONITOR	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2241</u> <u>(Murphy)</u>	Mandates coverage for hippotherapy and other forms of therapeutic riding.	OPPOSE	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2381</u> <u>(Fine)</u>	In provisions concerning the development of medical necessity criteria for the coverage of CSC/ACT treatment models for early treatment of serious mental illness, provides that the rules adopted by the DOI defining medical necessity shall be updated during calendar year 2021 to include nationally recognized, generally acceptable clinical criteria sourced to evidence-based medicine and to avoid unnecessary anti-competitive impacts. Identical to <u>HB 3517 (Wheeler)</u> .	MONITOR	Rr-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2407</u> <u>(Harris)</u>	Requires secondary notification for life insurance lapse. Similar to <u>SB 2112 (Harris)</u> , but removes the reference to individuals aged 64 and older. <i>Initiative of NAIFA-IL.</i>	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2409</u> <u>(Harris)</u>	<i>DOI Initiative</i> adopting Holding Company Act 2014 amendments and providing for additional clean-up provisions to the existing Holding Company Act, effective immediately. Identical to <u>HB 1955 (Jones)</u> .	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2410</u> <u>(Harris)</u>	<i>DOI Initiative</i> providing for various Insurance Code clean-up changes, including partial codification of EO 2020-29 to allow for producer prelicensure courses to take place via webinar, effective immediately. Identical to <u>HB 1957 (Jones)</u> .	SUPPORT	Re-referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2518</u> <u>(Rose)</u>	Amends the Telehealth Act to add “athletic trainers” to the definition of “health care professionals” (with no additional changes made to a scope of practice act).	MONITOR	Referred to Assignments
<u>SB 2963</u> <u>(Syverson)</u>	Fixes Department concern that the new group life continuation of coverage provisions could potentially create an unintended gap in continuation of coverage for those active employees who may be receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior carrier's group life policy.	SUPPORT	Senate Assigned to Insurance

<u>Bill Number</u>	<u>Bill Description/Action</u>	<u>ILHIC Position</u>	<u>Status</u>
<u>SB 2969</u> <u>(Morrison)</u>	Mandates coverage of continuous glucose monitors.	OPPOSE (Neutral with Forthcoming Amendment)	Senate Placed on the Calendar for 2nd Reading
<u>SB 3001</u> <u>(Gillespie)</u>	Repeal of the Small Employer Health Insurance Rating Act that will eliminate grandfathered/transitional plans (ILHIC has already raised concerns with the inclusion of this repeal and would anticipate agent and business group pushback as well).	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments
<u>SB 3054</u> <u>(Ellman)</u>	Mandates coverage for compression sleeves.	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments
<u>SB 3067</u> <u>(Fine)</u>	Mandates coverage for congenital defects including treatment of cranial facial anomalies that are medically necessary to restore normal function or appearance. Cosmetic changes are included in coverage requirement. (Similar to HB 4349 Willis)	OPPOSE	Referred to Assignments
<u>SB 3068</u> <u>(Bush)</u>	Creates the Immunization Data Registry Act. Provides that health care providers, physician's designees, or pharmacist's designees shall (rather than may) provide immunization data to be entered into the immunization data registry.	MONITOR	Referred to Assignments