ILHIC KEY BILLS – 2-21-21

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
HB 33 (Mason)	With respect to individuals who are participating in a substance use treatment or recovery support program, the proposed legislation seeks to prohibit life insurers from canceling, terminating, or "refusing to renew" an individual's life insurance policy due to their participation; considering that participation in the underwriting or application process; or denying a claim due to a beneficiary's participation in those programs. The provisions are specific to those individuals in active recovery/treatment programs and do not prohibit these considerations when applied across broader physical and mental health considerations, or individuals who are not in active recovery/treatment programs.	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 53 (Andrade)	Provides that employers that rely solely upon artificial intelligence to determine whether an applicant will qualify for an in-person interview must gather and report certain demographic information to the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity. Requires the Department to analyze the data and report to the Governor and General Assembly whether the data discloses a racial bias in the use of artificial intelligence.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 61 (Costa Howard)	The provisions require coverage of prescription inhalants and require (instead of make permissive) a health insurer or managed care plan from denying or limiting coverage refills for prescription inhalants to enable persons to breathe when suffering from asthma or other life-threatening bronchial ailments if those restrictions are contrary to what has been prescribed and considered medically appropriate.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 62 (Flowers)	Creates the Health Care For All program establishing single payer health insurance in IL.	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 74 (Flowers)	Establishes paid family leave requiring employers with 50 or more employees to provide 6 weeks of paid leave.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 117 (Guzzardi)	Expands the Secure Choice Savings Program to apply to sole proprietors and employers (rather than employers with fewer than 25 employees) and allows for automatic increases in contributions. The provisions also expand the penalties levied on employers for failure to comply with the requirements of the Act. Identical to SB 208 (Martwick).	OPPOSE	House Rules
<u>HB 135</u> (Mussman)	Authorizes the IL Department of Public Health to issue a standing order for contraceptives and authorizes a pharmacist to dispense hormonal	OPPOSE	House Rules

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
	contraceptives. The legislation requires health insurers to cover patient		
	care services related to the dispensing of hormonal contraceptives for pharmacists.		
HB 146 (Morgan)	Authorizes the Director of Insurance to actively approve individual and small group ACA health plan rates and may disapprove any rate deemed "unreasonable." The Director must act on the rates within 60 days or else they are deemed approved.	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 213 (Conroy)	Creates the Eating Disorder Treatment Parity Task Force within the DOI to review reimbursements to eating disorder treatment providers in IL, as well as out-of-state providers of similar services. The Task Force currently does not provide for industry representation, but requires the group to "work cooperatively with the insurance industry to identify the high costs of medical complications, disability, and loss of life associated with eating disorders and to determine whether disparities in insurance reimbursement is limiting access to a full range of evidence-based treatment providers in the State."	OPPOSE (Due to lack of industry representation on the Task Force) The sponsor has agreed to file an amendment to add 2 members of the insurance industry to the Task Force).	House Rules
HB 228 (Mayfield)	Prohibits an insurer or producer from making a distinction or otherwise discriminating between persons, reject an applicant, cancel a policy, or demand or require a higher rate of premium for reasons based SOLELY upon the basis that an applicant or insured has been convicted of a felony.	OPPOSE as INTRODUCED	House Rules
HB 241 (Jones)	Allows pre-licensure courses for producers to be completed via webinar (in addition to the classroom setting).	SUPPORT	House Rules
HB 242 (Jones)	Requires the IL Life & Health Insurance Guaranty Association to submit a plan of operation and any amendments thereto to the Director of Insurance within 200 days (instead of 180 days).	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 295 (Manley)	As introduced, the provisions currently require insurers to issue an irrevocable assignment of benefits to a funeral home in an amount not to exceed the purchase price of a funeral or burial expense policy. The language is intended to address a current issue with Medicaid beneficiaries seeking eligibility and avoidance of current asset limitations. Current law allows exemptions in assets up to a certain dollar amount in addition to exemptions for final expense policies that must be irrevocably assigned. ILHIC is working with HFS, the IL Funeral	OPPOSE as INTRODUCED - Amendatory language is expected	House Rules

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
	Directors Association and the National Academy of Elder Law Attorneys to determine language that appropriately addresses the problem.		
HB 317 (Jones)	Requires an air ambulance service or other entity that directly or indirectly, whether through an affiliated entity, agreement with a third-party entity, or otherwise, solicits air ambulance membership subscriptions, accepts membership applications, or charges membership fees to be regulated as insurance under the Insurance Code.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 339 (Batinick)	Removes the 181-day, non-renewable limitation on short-term, limited duration health insurance policies.	SUPPORT	House Rules
HB 580 (Zalewski)	Ratifies and approves the Nurse Licensure Interstate Compact.	SUPPORT	House Rules
HB 616 (Costa Howard)	Establishes paid family leave requiring employers (regardless of size) to provide 12 weeks of leave and pay the cost of health insurance applicable to the employee during that period.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 707 (Didech)	Amends the current telehealth coverage provisions, for policies that provide coverage for telehealth services, reimbursement must be made at parity with those same services if they were provided in-person.	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 711 (Harris)	Creates the Prior Authorization Reform Act to establish new requirements regarding disclosure and review of PA requirements, denial of claims or coverage by a utilization review organization for various levels of service, including nonurgent and urgent care effective January 1, 2022. The provisions of the bill incorporate some feedback provided by ILHIC to HB 5510 (Harris) of the 101st General Assembly. Proponents of the bill, including ISMS and other provider and patient advocacy groups, have formed a "Your Care Can't Wait" campaign in support of prior authorization reform. Identical to SB 177 (Holmes).	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 1728 (Mazzochi)	Amends the Medical Patient Rights Act to provide, in addition to any other right provided under the Act, certain qualifying patients have the ability to request diagnostic screenings without a physician's order as follows: (1) females over the age of 40 have the right to a breast cancer screening mammogram once per year; and all persons have a right to request annual screening under the age of 40 if such person has a family history of breast cancer; or genetic testing has confirmed likelihood that such person has otherwise tested positive for BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutations; (2) males have the right to prostate-specific antigen testing at once per year if specified requirements are met; (3) all persons have the right to colorectal screening under specified conditions; (4) all persons	MONITOR	House Rules

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
	over the age of 18, or under the age of 18 with one parent's consent, have the right to screening for sexually transmitted diseases or infections at least every 6 months, or in the event of unprotected sexual activity; and (5) all persons over the age of 18, or under the age of 18 with a parent's or legal guardian's consent, have the right to screening for COVID-19 infection and testing for COVID-19 antibodies. The provisions of the bill do not require coverage and the patient seeking the diagnostic test without a written order from a physician shall be responsible for paying for the diagnostic test provided that the provider of the diagnostic testing provides the patient in writing the cost of the diagnostic test prior to it being performed and the patient agrees to that cost.		
HB 1745 (Harris)	Requires health insurance carriers that provide coverage for prescription drugs to ensure that, within service areas and levels of coverage specified by federal law, at least half of individual and group plans meet one or more of the following criteria: 1) apply a pre-deductible and flat-dollar copayment structure to the entire drug benefit; 2) limit a beneficiary's monthly out-of-pocket financial responsibility for prescription drugs to a specified amount; or 3) limit a beneficiary's annual out-of-pocket financial responsibility for prescription drugs to a specified amount. Effective January 1, 2022. Identical to SB 275 (Bennett).	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 1779 (Flowers)	Prohibits health insurers from requiring prior authorization for biomarker testing for an insured with advanced or metastatic stage 3 or 4 cancer or biomarker testing of cancer progression or recurrence in the insured with advanced or metastatic stage 3 or 4 cancer.	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 1811 (Andrade)	Amends the Equal Pay Act and the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act to restrict use of predictive data analytics used to determine a job applicant's credit worthiness or a hiring decision to include information that correlates with the race or zip code of the applicant for credit or employment.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 1955 (Jones)	DOI Initiative adopting Holding Company Act 2014 amendments and providing for additional clean-up provisions to the existing Holding Company Act, effective immediately.	TBD	House Rules
HB 1956 (Jones)	DOI Initiative updating state statute to comply with the Covered Agreement by adopting the Credit for Reinsurance model law, and 2020	TBD	House Rules

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
	Holding Company Act amendments regarding Group Capital Calculation,		
	effective December 31, 2022.		_
HB 1957 (Jones)	DOI Initiative providing for various Insurance Code clean-up changes,	SUPPORT	House Rules
	including partial codification of EO 2020-29 to allow for producer		
	prelicensure courses to take place via webinar effective immediately.		
<u>HB 1976 (Moeller)</u>	Allows optometrists to provide services via telehealth.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 2370 (Avelar)	"Cap the copay" legislation that restricts an insured's monthly out of	OPPOSE	House Rules
	pocket cost to \$100 per 30-day supply.		
HB 2404	Creates the Right to Know Act to require operators of commercial	OPPOSE	House Rules
(Buckner)	websites or online services that collect personal information about		
	Illinois customers must, in their terms of service or privacy policy,		
	identify all categories of personal information the operator collects,		
	identify all categories of third party persons or entities with whom the		
	operator may disclose that information, and provide a description of the		
	customer's rights to access their information. Provisions also provide for		
	a private right of action. Provides for blanket exemption for entities		
	subject to GLBA and HIPAA.		
HB 2405	Authorizes the Illinois Insurance Guaranty Fund, at the direction of its	NO POSITION	House Rules
(Hoffman)	board of directors and subject to the approval of the Director of		
	Insurance, to form and own a not-for-profit corporation to which the		
	Fund may delegate certain of its powers and duties provided by the		
	Code. Allows the not-for-profit corporation to contract to provide		
	services to the Office of Special Deputy Receiver or any other person or		
	organization authorized by law to carry out the duties of the Director in		
	the capacity of receiver under specified provisions of the Code, the		
	Illinois Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association, an organizations		
	in another state similar to the Illinois Insurance Guaranty Fund or the		
	Illinois Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association. Effective		
	immediately. Identical to <u>SB 375 (Harris)</u> .		
HB 2406 (Scherer)	Provides that an individual or group policy of accident and health	OPPOSE	House Rules
	insurance or managed care plan in effect on and after March 9, 2020		
	must provide coverage for the cost of administering a COVID-19		
	vaccination. Language is silent on vaccine as approved by the FDA.		
<u>HB 2472</u>	Requires the Director to solicit information and data from health	MONITOR	House Rules
(Mazzochi)	insurance carriers regarding insurance coverage for pediatric		

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
	autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorder to report back to the General Assembly by November 15, 2021.		
<u>HB 2473</u> (Mazzochi)	In provisions requiring insurance coverage for prostate-specific antigen tests and for colorectal cancer examination and screening, removes provisions requiring the testing be recommended or prescribed by a physician. The provisions also mandate coverage for testing of sexually transmitted diseases or infections.	OPPOSE	House Rules
<u>HB 2554 (Mah)</u>	For purposes of the Telehealth Act, the provisions add "acupuncturists" to the list of health care professionals; however the bill does not make corresponding changes to the acupuncturists' practice act. The bill also provides IDFPR to adopt rules clarifying applicable services and administration of the Telehealth Act.	MONITOR	House Rules
HB 2589 (Conroy)	The bill includes provisions mandating coverage for ALL opioid antagonists approved by the FDA in addition to reimbursing a hospital for the hospital's cost of any FDA approved opioid antagonist.	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 2595 (Conroy)	Mandates coverage for medically necessary treatment for mental health and substance use conditions. Requires insurers to base medical necessity and utilization review criteria on specific current generally accepted standards of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition care, including exclusively applying the criteria and guidelines set forth in the most recent versions of the treatment criteria developed by the nonprofit professional association for the relevant clinical specialty. Provides that an insurer shall not apply different, additional, conflicting, or more restrictive utilization review criteria than the criteria and guidelines set forth in the treatment criteria. Provides that the Director may, after appropriate notice and opportunity for hearing, assess a civil penalty between \$5,000 and \$20,000 for each violation.	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 2625 (Flowers)	Creates the Family Leave Insurance Act. Requires the Department of Employment Security to establish and administer a family leave insurance program. Provides family leave insurance benefits to eligible employees who take unpaid family leave to care for a newborn child, a newly adopted or newly placed foster child, or a family member with a serious health condition. Authorizes family leave of up to 12 weeks during any 24-month period. Authorizes compensation for leave in the amount of 85% of the employee's average weekly wage subject to a	MONITOR	House Rules

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
	maximum of \$881 per week. The state-run leave program does not		
	replace the private market option.		
<u>HB 2649</u>	Requires supplemental hospital/medical indemnity policies to provide	OPPOSE	House Rules
(Yednock)	coverage for (rather than offer optional coverage for an additional		
	premium) for the reasonable and necessary medical treatment of		
	temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder.		
HB 2653 (Mason)	Mandates first dollar coverage for a diagnostic colonoscopy. The	OPPOSE	House Rules
	provisions include HSA tax preservation language.		
HB 2896 (Conroy)	Early Intervention omnibus telehealth bill that includes language	MONITOR	House Rules
	providing that if a health insurance policy provides coverage for early		
	intervention services, it must also provide coverage for these services		
	delivered via telehealth.		
<u>HB 2919</u>	Provides that upon request by a party contracting with a pharmacy	MONITOR	House Rules
(Mazzochi)	benefit manager, the party has an annual right to audit compliance with		
	the terms of the contract by the pharmacy benefit manager, including,		
	but not limited to, full disclosure of any value provided by a		
	pharmaceutical manufacturer to a pharmacy benefit manager or the		
	parent, subsidiary, or affiliate company of a pharmacy benefit manager.		
	Provides for other PBM disclosure requirements.		
<u>HB 2930</u>	In provisions concerning health insurance coverage for treatment of	OPPOSE	House Rules
(Mazzochi)	pediatric autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorders, provides that on and		
	after the effective date of the amendatory Act, an insured shall have a		
	cause of action for liquidated damages in the amount of \$1,000 or actual		
	damages, whichever is greater, against any entity issuing a group or		
	individual policy of accident and health insurance or managed care plan		
	that fails to provide the coverage required for treatment of pediatric		
	autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorders associated with streptococcal		
	infections and pediatric acute onset neuropsychiatric syndrome.		
HB 2948 (Morgan)	DOI Initiative seeking to address the copay accumulator ban	OPPOSE	House Rules
	implemented under P.A. 101-0452 as it applies to HSAs paired with a		
	HDHP (to preserve the pre-tax advantages). The language, however, also		
	requires insurers to identify a non-HSA eligible HDHP and offer a non-		
	HSA eligible product if they do provide an HSA-eligible HDHP.		
HB 2992 (Lilly)	Requires the Department of Insurance to conduct a study to better	MONITOR	House Rules
	understand the gaps in health insurance coverage for		
	uninsured residents, including the reasons why individuals are uninsured		

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	and whether insured individuals are insured through an employer-sponsored plan or through the Illinois health insurance marketplace. P.A.		
	101-649 requires the DOI and HFS to conduct a health care affordability		
	feasibility study to address some of the same issues, which is expected to		
	be released by February 28. The bill also requires all hospitals to provide		
110.0000	health insurance to their employees.		
HB 3030	Creates the Cybersecurity Compliance Act to provide for an affirmative	MONITOR	House Rules
(Wheeler)	defense for every covered entity that creates, maintains, and complies		
HB 3040	with a written cybersecurity program (as prescribed by the legislation). Creates the Insurance Data Security Act based on the NAIC Cybersecurity	ODDOCT with and	House Rules
(Wheeler)	Model Law. The provisions DO NOT contain suggested changes put	OPPOSE without	nouse rules
<u>(Wilcelet)</u>	forward by the joint trades (industry).	Joint Trade	
	To mark by the joint trades (made 17).	Suggested Changes	
HB 3175 (Jones)	DOI Initiative increasing the wellness coverage cap from 20% to 30% per	NO POSITION	House Rules
	federal rules and further provides for clean-up of the Navigator		
	Certification Act.		
HB 3197 (Conroy)	Creates the Suicide Treatment Improvements Act to require that all at-	OPPOSE	House Rules
	risk patients be provided with one-on-one suicide prevention counseling		
	by the public or private psychiatric facility at which the at-risk patient is		
	being treated and mandates individual and group health insurance coverage for these services.		
HB 3198 (Conroy)	Creates the Suicide Treatment Improvements Act to require suicide	OPPOSE	House Rules
115 3130 (6011104)	prevention counseling and treatment at facilities and mandates	OPPOSE	nouse naies
	individual and group health insurance coverage for these services (similar		
	to HB 3197); however the provisions of the bill also place certain		
	requirements on IDPH and local public safety officials to identify		
	individuals at risk for suicide.		
HB 3259 (Gong	Mandates coverage for the diagnosis and medically necessary treatment	OPPOSE	House Rules
<u>Gershowitz)</u>	(instead of reasonable and necessary treatment and services for) mental		
	health and substance use disorders and requires insurers to base medical		
	necessity and utilization review criteria on specific current generally		
	accepted standards of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use		
	disorder or condition care, including exclusively applying the criteria and		
	guidelines set forth in the most recent versions of the treatment criteria		
	developed by the nonprofit professional association for the relevant		
	clinical specialty (similar to <u>HB 2595 (Conroy)</u>). The provisions also		

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	prohibit an insurer that authorizes a specific type of treatment by a		
	provider from rescinding or modifying the authorization after that		
	provider renders the health care service. Provides that if services for the		
	medically necessary treatment of a mental health or substance use		
	disorder are not available in-network within the geographic and timely		
	access standards set by law or regulation, the insurer shall arrange		
	coverage to ensure the delivery of medically necessary out-of-network		
	services and any medically necessary follow-up services, and the insured		
	shall pay no more in total for benefits rendered than the cost sharing		
	that the insured would pay for the same covered services received from		
	an in-network provider and further require every insurer to sponsor		
	an education program, make the program available to other		
	stakeholders, provide clinical review criteria at no cost to providers and		
	insured patients, conduct interrater reliability testing, and achieve		
	interrate pass rates of at least 90% or comply with specified		
	requirements if the 90% threshold is not met.		
<u>HB 3268 (Flowers)</u>	Amends the Fair Patient Billing Act to prohibit a hospital from	OPPOSE	House Rules
	aggressively pursue debt collection for non-payment of a hospital bill		
	against a patient with an annual household income of \$51,000 or less		
	and further provides that a hospital whenever possible and after		
	reviewing the patient eligibility, shall charge as much as possible of the		
	patient's hospital bill to insurers.		
HB 3308 (Jones)	Updates telehealth insurance coverage requirements to include	TBD	House Rules
	"telephone usage" in the definition of "telehealth services" and provides		
	that insurers must cover telehealth services "when clinically		
	appropriate." Reinforces existing provisions that patient cost-sharing		
	cannot be more than if the health care service were delivered in-person.		
	Provides that no excepted benefit policy may deny or reduce any benefit		
	to a patient based on the use of clinically appropriate telehealth services		
	in the course of satisfying the policy's benefit criteria.		
HB 3312 (Welter)	Requires insurers to cap OOP for a covered prescription inhalant drug to	OPPOSE	House Rules
	\$100 per 30-day supply regardless of the type and amount of the drug		
	needed by the insured. Language aligns with similar OOP limits applied		
	to insulin per <u>P.A. 101-0625.</u>		
HB 3327 (Haas)	In provisions concerning timely payment for health care services,	OPPOSE	House Rules
	provides that failure to make periodic payments within specified time		

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	periods shall entitle a health care professional, health care facility,		
	independent practice association, physician-hospital organization,		
	insurer, health maintenance organization, managed care plans health		
	care plan, preferred provider organization, or third party administrator		
	to interest at the rate of 9% semiannually (rather than 9% per year).		
HB 3397	Requires first dollar coverage on diagnostic testing for a pediatric	OPPOSE	House Rules
(Mazzochi)	autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorder if such diagnostic testing is		
	ordered by a physician (coverage is not required if the physician indicates		
	that the diagnostic testing is requested by a guardian or parent).		
	Provisions do not include exemptions for HSAs.		
HB 3403 (Ness)	Reduces OOP limit on insulin drugs from \$100 (originally set under P.A.	OPPOSE	House Rules
	<u>101-0625</u> to \$30.		
HB 3421 (Dina	Provides that if a patient unknowingly and through no fault of his or her	MONITOR	House Rules
<u>Delgado)</u>	own receives care from a health care professional or health care provider		
	who is not among the network of health care providers for the patient's		
	health care plan, the health care professional or health care provider		
	may not charge or bill that patient for that care.		
HB 3433 (Morgan)	Creates the Paid Family Leave Program directing the IL Department of	MONITOR	House Rules
	Employment Security to establish a state-run paid medical leave program		
	for employees. The provisions do not specific duration of leave allowed		
	but does direct the Department to establish a computation of benefit		
	amounts and contributions paid by employees and employers. <i>The</i>		
	state-run leave program does not replace the private market option but		
	does impose contribution requirements on employers with more than 50		
	employees.		
HB 3453	Creates the Geolocation Privacy Protection Act to require a private entity	MONITOR	House Rules
(Williams)	that owns, operates, or controls a location-based application on a user's		
	device from disclosing geolocation information from a location-based		
	application to a third party unless the private entity first receives the		
	user's affirmative express consent after providing a specified notice to		
	the user. The provisions include an exemption for HIPAA and GLBA-		
	regulated entities.		
HB 3498 (Conroy)	Codifies telehealth coverage requirements set forth in Executive Order	OPPOSE	House Rules
	<u>2020-09.</u>	_	
HB 3517	In provisions concerning development of medical necessity criteria for	MONITOR	House Rules
(Wheeler)	the coverage of CSC/ACT treatment models for early treatment of		

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	serious mental illness, provides that the rules adopted by the DOI		
	defining medical necessity shall be updated during calendar year 2021		
	to include nationally recognized, generally acceptable clinical		
	criteria sourced to evidence-based medicine and to avoid		
	unnecessary anti-competitive impacts.		
HB 3583 (Avelar)	Creates the Affordable Drug Manufacturing Act requiring IDPH to enter	MONITOR	House Rules
	into partnerships to increase competition, lower prices, and address		
	shortages in the market for generic prescription drugs, to reduce the cost		
	of prescription drugs for public and private purchasers, taxpayers, and		
	consumers, and to increase patient access to affordable drugs. Requires		
	the partnerships to result in the production or distribution of generic		
	prescription drugs with the intent that these drugs be made widely		
	available to public and private purchasers, providers and suppliers, and		
	pharmacies. IDPH is directed to consult with entities, including health		
	insurers, regarding the establishment of a fair price for the prescription		
	drugs.		
HB 3598 (Avelar)	Requires companies that issue group policies of accident and health	OPPOSE	House Rules
	insurance to offer such policies to local chambers of commerce.		
HB 3609 (Flowers)	Requires prescription drug manufacturers to provide advance notice of a	TBD	House Rules
	price increase of a prescription drug with a wholesale acquisition cost of		
	more than \$40 if the increase is more than 10% and to disclose		
	information regarding factors associated with the price increase.		
	Requires the Department of Public Health to conduct an annual public		
	hearing on the aggregate trends in prescription drug pricing.		
HB 3630 (Harris)	Requires insurers to replace a brand name drug with a new generic	OPPOSE	House Rules
	equivalent on the formulary once it becomes available in the market or		
	move the brand name drug to the lowest cost tier. In provisions		
	concerning a contract between a health insurer and a pharmacy benefit		
	manager, provides that a pharmacy benefit manager must update		
	and publish maximum allowable cost pricing information according to		
	specified requirements, must provide a reasonable administrative appeal		
	procedure to allow pharmacies to challenge maximum allowable costs,		
	and must comply with specified requirements if an appeal is denied. The		
	legislation also sets forth contracting requirements for PBMs, including		
	fiduciary responsibilities.		

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
HB 3707 (Yingling)	For purposes of group health insurance coverage, revises the definition of "small employer" to mean an employer who employs an average of at least one but not more than 50 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year (rather than an employer who employs an average of at least 2 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least 2 employees on the first day of the plan year).	TBD	House Rules
HB 3709 (Croke)	In provisions concerning health insurance coverage of infertility treatment, provides that coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of infertility shall be provided without discrimination on the basis of age, ancestry, color, disability, domestic partner status, gender, gender expression, gender identity, genetic information, marital status, national origin, race, religion, sex, or sexual orientation. Removes provisions stating that "infertility" means the inability to conceive after one year of unprotected sexual intercourse or the inability to sustain a successful pregnancy.	TBD	House Rules
HB 3758 (Spain)	Provides that if an insurer covers telehealth services, then coverage must also include telehealth services used to treat behavioral health conditions.	NO POSITION	House Rules
HB 3759 (Spain)	Creates the Telehealth Parity Act to require health insurers, including excepted benefit plans that provided limited scope dental benefits, limited scope vision benefits, LTC benefits, accident-only, and specified disease or illness coverage, to cover the costs of all medically necessary telehealth services rendered by in-network providers. The provisions allow insurers to apply coverage criteria, but that criteria must be in compliance with provisions set forth in Executive Order 2020-09 . Prohibits insurers from applying prior authorization for any COVID-19 related telehealth services and further provides that coverage for innetwork telehealth services shall be provided without cost-share (exemption applicability to HSAs).	OPPOSE	House Rules
HB 3777 (Ortiz)	Prohibits prior authorization for prescription drugs used in the treatment of COVID-19 that have received emergency authorization from the FDA.	TBD	House Rules
HB 3794 (Stephens)	Requires insurers to cap OOP for a diabetic self-management supplies (not including insulin) to \$100 per 30-day supply regardless of the type	OPPOSE	House Rules

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	and amount of the supply needed by the insured. Language aligns with		
	similar OOP limits applied to insulin per P.A. 101-0625.		
HB 3845	Mandates coverage for medically necessary treatments for genetic,	OPPOSE	House Rules
(LaPointe)	rare, unknown or unnamed, and unique conditions, including Ehlers-		
	Danlos syndrome and altered drug metabolism. Provides that an		
	insurance policy that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall		
	include coverage for opioid alternatives, coverage for medicines included		
	in the Model List of Essential Medicines published by the World Health		
	Organization, and coverage for custom-made medications and medical		
	food. Provides that an insurance policy that limits the quantity of a		
	medication in accordance with applicable State and federal law shall not		
	require pre-approval for the treatment of patients with rare metabolism		
	conditions that may need a higher dose of medication than what is		
	otherwise allowed within a time frame or prescription schedule. Provides		
	that the burden of proving that treatment is medically necessary shall		
	not lie with the insured in cases of rejections for filing claims,		
	preauthorization requests, and appeals related to the coverage.		
HB 3867 (Moeller)	Requires IDPH to design a prescription drug importation program where	NO POSITION	House Rules
	the State serves as the licensed wholesaler of imported drugs from		
	Canada. The provisions set forth auditing and AG enforcement criteria,		
	including ensuring that any participating health plan formularies, cost-		
	sharing, and reimbursement criteria is based on the actual acquisition		
	cost of the imported drug.		
HB 3874 (Yang	In provisions concerning infertility coverage and coverage for	OPPOSE	House Rules
<u>Rohr)</u>	epinephrine injectors, provides that specified coverage shall be		
	applicable to policies of insurance written in other states that insure an		
	Illinois resident.		
<u>HB 3898 (Gordon</u>	Creates the Healthy Workplace Act to require employers to provide a	MONITOR	House Rules
<u>Booth)</u>	minimum of 40 hours of paid sick leave during a 12-month period for		
	certain purposes. Employees cannot waive their right to paid leave		
	except in cases where the benefits are collectively bargained.		
<u>HB 3910</u>	Creates the Consumer Privacy Act to set forth numerous data privacy	MONITOR	House Rules
(Mussman)	requirements, including a "right to be forgotten" with exceptions. The		
	provisions include exemptions for certain data protected under HIPAA		
	and GLBA.		

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
SB 147 (Murphy)	Establishes a "birthday rule" for Medigap policies to provide that an	OPPOSE	Senate Insurance
	existing Medicare supplement policyholder would be entitled to an		
	annual open enrollment period of 60 days or more commencing on their		
	birthday with guaranteed issuance of a replacement policy that offers		
	benefits equal or less than those provided by the previous coverage.		
<u>SB 158 (Holmes)</u>	Creates the Prior Authorization Reform Act to establish new	OPPOSE	Senate Assignments
	requirements regarding disclosure and review of PA requirements, denial		
	of claims or coverage by a utilization review organization for various		
	levels of service, including nonurgent and urgent care effective January		
	1, 2022. This bill will be tabled in favor of SB 177 (Holmes).		
SB 177 (Holmes)	Creates the Prior Authorization Reform Act to establish new	OPPOSE	Senate Assignments
	requirements regarding disclosure and review of PA requirements, denial		
	of claims or coverage by a utilization review organization for various		
	levels of service, including nonurgent and urgent care effective January		
	1, 2022. The provisions of the bill incorporate some feedback provided		
	by ILHIC to <u>HB 5510 (Harris)</u> of the 101 st General Assembly. Proponents		
	of the bill, including ISMS and other provider and patient advocacy		
	groups, have formed a "Your Care Can't Wait" campaign in support of		
	prior authorization reform. Identical to <u>HB 711 (Harris)</u> .		
SB 202 (Morrison)	Provides that it is a civil rights violation to offer a group or individual	OPPOSE	Senate Assignments
	policy of accident and health insurance, including coverage against		
	disablement or death, that does <u>not</u> include equal terms and conditions		
	of coverage for the treatment of a mental, emotional, nervous, or		
	substance use disorder or condition or a history thereof. Senator		
	Morrison sponsored P.A. 101-0332 establishing a task force to study		
	disability income insurance and parity for behavioral health conditions,		
	but the Governor has not yet made appointments to the task force and		
	the group has not yet met or begun that work.		
SB 208 (Martwick)	Expands the Secure Choice Savings Program to apply to sole proprietors	OPPOSE	Senate Assignments
	and employers (rather than employers with fewer than 25 employees)		-
	and allows for automatic increases in contributions. The provisions also		
	expand the penalties levied on employers for failure to comply with the		
	requirements of the Act. Identical to HB 117 (Guzzardi).		
SB 275 (Bennett)	Requires health insurance carriers that provide coverage for prescription	OPPOSE	Senate Assignments
	drugs to ensure that, within service areas and levels of coverage		_
	specified by federal law, at least half of individual and group plans meet		

Bill Number	Bill Description/Action	ILHIC Position	<u>Status</u>
	one or more of the following criteria: 1) apply a pre-deductible and flat-		
	dollar copayment structure to the entire drug benefit; 2) limit a		
	beneficiary's monthly out-of-pocket financial responsibility for		
	prescription drugs to a specified amount; or 3) limit a beneficiary's		
	annual out-of-pocket financial responsibility for prescription drugs to a		
	specified amount. Effective January 1, 2022. Identical to HB 1745		
	(Harris).		
SB 332 (Collins)	Amends the Network Adequacy and Transparency Act to require a	OPPOSE	Senate Assignments
	network plan to include in their provider directory, information about		
	whether the provider offers the use of telehealth or telemedicine to		
	deliver services, what modalities are used and what services via		
	telehealth or telemedicine are provided, and whether the provider has		
	the ability and willingness to include in a telehealth or telemedicine		
	encounter a family caregiver who is in a separate location than the		
	patient if the patient so wishes and provides his or her consent. <i>Initiative</i>		
	of AARP.		
SB 375 (Harris)	Authorizes the Illinois Insurance Guaranty Fund, at the direction of its	NO POSITION	Senate Assignments
	board of directors and subject to the approval of the Director of		
	Insurance, to form and own a not-for-profit corporation to which the		
	Fund may delegate certain of its powers and duties provided by the		
	Code. Allows the not-for-profit corporation to contract to provide		
	services to the Office of Special Deputy Receiver or any other person or		
	organization authorized by law to carry out the duties of the Director in		
	the capacity of receiver under specified provisions of the Code, the		
	Illinois Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association, an organizations		
	in another state similar to the Illinois Insurance Guaranty Fund or the		
	Illinois Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association. Effective		
	immediately. Identical to <u>HB 2405 (Hoffman)</u> .		